reconsideration is respectfully requested in view of the amendments and remarks set forth below.

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

## Listing of the claims:

- 1. (Currently Amended) An isolated polynucleotide that encodes a human ß1A\_sodium channel subunit protein, said polynucleotide comprising a member sequence selected from a the group consisting of:
- (a) a polynucleotide having at least a 75% identity to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide consisting of amino acids 1 to 268 of SEQ.ID.NO. SEQ ID NO:14; and
- (b) a polynucleotide having at least 75% identity to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide consisting of comprising amino acids 150 to 268 of SEQ.ID.NO. SEQ ID NO:147
- (c) a polynucleotide which is complementary to the polynucleotide of (a) or (b); and
- (d) a polynucleotide comprising at least 15 sequential bases of the polynucleotide of (a), (b), or (c).

- 2. (Original) The polynucleotide of claim 1 wherein the polynucleotide is RNA.
- 3. (Original) The polynucleotide of claim 1 wherein the polynucleotide is DNA.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The polynucleotide of claim 1- having a nucleotide sequence selected from a the group consisting of: (SEQ.ID.NO. SEQ ID NO:12) and (SEQ.ID.NO. SEQ ID NO:13).
- 5. (Currently Amended) The polynucleotide of claim 41 further having a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of allelic variants, mutants, and functional derivatives of (SEQ.ID.NO. SEQ ID NO:12) and allelic variants of (SEQ.ID.NO. SEQ ID NO:13).
- 6. (Currently Amended) The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein said DNA molecule polynucleotide is genomic DNA.
- 7. (Currently Amended) An expression vector for expression of a human ß1A sodium channel subunit protein in a recombinant host, wherein said vector contains a recombinant gene

polynucleotide encoding a human \$1A sodium channel subunit protein and functional derivatives thereof SEQ ID NO:14.

- 8. (Currently Amended) The expression vector of claim 7, wherein the expression vector contains a cloned gene polynucleotide encoding a Human human ß1A sodium channel subunit protein, said polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence selected from a the group consisting of: (SEQ.ID.NO. SEQ ID NO:12), SEQ ID NO:13, allelic variants of SEQ ID NOs:12 or 13, and (SEQ.ID.NO.:13) functional derivatives of SEQ ID NOs:12 or 13.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The expression vector of claim 8, wherein the group further consists of allelic variants, mutants, and functional derivatives of nucleotide sequence is SEQ.ID.NO.SEQ ID NO:12 and or SEQ.ID.NO.SEQ ID NO:13.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The expression vector of claim 7, wherein the expression vector contains genomic DNA encoding a Human human \$1A sodium channel subunit protein of SEQ ID NO:14.

- 11. (Currently Amended) A recombinant host cell containing a recombinantly cloned gene recombinant polynucleotide encoding a Human human B1A sodium channel subunit protein of SEQ ID NO:14 or a functional derivative thereof.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The recombinant host cell of claim 11, wherein said gene polynucleotide has a nucleotide sequence selected from a the group consisting of: (SEQ.ID.NO.:12); SEQ ID NO:12, (SEQ.ID.NO.:13); and SEQ ID NO:13 functional derivatives thereof.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The recombinant host cell of claim 11, wherein said eloned gene polynucleotide is genomic DNA.
- 14. (Withdrawn) An isolated protein encoded by a nucleic acid sequence capable of hybridizing under stringent hybridization conditions to a nucleotide sequence having the sequence of SEQ ID NO:12 or SEQ ID NO:13 that when combined with a Human  $\alpha$  sodium channel subunit protein in a cell permits sodium ion flux in the cell.

- 15. (Withdrawn) The protein according to claim 14 , having an amino acid sequence selected from a group consisting of: (SEQ.ID.NO.:14) and functional derivatives thereof.
- 16. (Withdrawn) A monospecific antibody immunologically reactive with a human ß1A sodium channel subunit protein.
- 17. (Currently Amended) A process for expression of expressing a Human human ß1A sodium channel subunit protein in a recombinant host cell, comprising:
- (a) introducing an expression vector encoding a human B1A sodium channel subunit protein, into a cell, wherein the vector comprising comprises a nucleic acid sequence capable of hybridizing under stringent hybridization conditions to a nucleotide sequence, or its complementary sequence, having the sequence of SEQ ID NO:12 or SEQ ID NO:13—into a cell, or its complementary sequence, wherein the hybridization conditions comprise incubation in 50% formamide, 6X SSC, 1% SDS at 42 C for 12-19 hours, washing in at least two successive washes at 22 C, followed by stringent washes at 65 C in a buffer of 0.04M sodium phosphate, pH 7.2, 1% SDS and 1mM EDTA;

- (b) culturing the cell of step (a) under conditions which allow expression of a protein encoded by the nucleotide seugence expression vector.
- 18. (Withdrawn) A method of screening for a modulator of sodium channel activity comprising:
- (a) providing a cell that co-expresses a protein encoded by a nucleic acid capable of hybridizing under stringent hybridization conditions to a nucleotide sequence, or its complementary sequence, represented by SEQ ID NO:12 or SEQ ID NO:13 and a sodium channel  $\alpha$  subunit protein wherein the cell elicits a sodium ion flux;
- (b) contacting the cell with a putative \$1A modulating compound; and
- (c) measuring a change upon the cell that alters the sodium ion flux.
- 19. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18 wherein at least one of the proteins is a recombinant protein.
- 20. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18 wherein the change in sodium ion flux is selected a group consisting of:

- (a) increasing the capacity to open the Na channel;
- (b) decreasing the capacity to open the Na channel;
- (c) increasing the rate of desensitization;
- (d) decreasing the rate of desensitization;
- (e) increasing the rate of re-sensitization of the channel;
- (f) decreasing the rate of re-sensitization of the channel;
- (g) increasing the level of  $\beta1A$  protein expression;
- (h) decreasing the level of β1A protein expression;
- (i) increasing the level of the  $\alpha/\beta 1A$  complex protein expression; and
- (j) decreasing the level of the  $\alpha/\beta 1A$  complex protein expression.
- 21. (Withdrawn) A compound that modulates the function of human  $\beta 1A$  selected using the method of claim 18.
- 22. (Withdrawn) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 19.
- 23. (Withdrawn) A method of treating neuropathic pain in a patient in need of such treatment comprising administration of a modulating compound of Claim 21.

- 24. (Withdrawn) A method of treating neuropathic pain in a patient in need of such treatment comprising altering the level of a human  $\beta1A$  subunit in a dorsal root ganglia cell in the patient.
- 25. (Withdrawn) A method of treating chronic pain in a patient in need of such treatment comprising administering the compound of Claim 21.
- 26. (Withdrawn) A method of treating febrile seizures in a patient in need of such treatment comprising administering the compound of Claim 21.
- 27. (Withdrawn) A method of treating general epilepsy in a patient in need of such treatment comprising administering the compound of Claim 21.
- 28. (Withdrawn) An anticonvulsant pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 21.

- 29. (Withdrawn) A method of treating arrhythmia in a patient in need of such treatment comprising administering the compound of Claim 21.
- 30. (Withdrawn) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim useful for use as a local anesthetic.
- 31. (Withdrawn) A method for decreasing neuropathic pain in an individual comprising administering to said individual a modulator of a sodium channel  $\beta 1A$  subunit in an amount effective to change the sodium channel activity in said individual.
- 32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 31 wherein said modulator decreases the expression of sodium channel  $\beta1A$  subunit in the cells of said individual.
- 33. (Withdrawn) A method for treating neuropathic pain in a subject comprising altering the level of sodium channel  $\beta1A$  subunits on the surface of a cell in a subject.
- 34. (Withdrawn) A method for decreasing neuropathic pain in a human comprising the step of administering a sodium channel

 $\beta 1 A$  subunit-binding molecule to a sodium channel  $\beta 1 A$  subunit-expressing cell in the human.